Coast Guard, DHS § 148.217

mailing notice of withdrawal to the Commandant (CG-5P) for docketing.

[USCG-1998-3884, 71 FR 57651, Sept. 29, 2006, as amended by USCG-2013-0397, 78 FR 39176, July 1, 2013]

## § 148.215 What if a port has plans for a deep draft channel and harbor?

- (a) If a State port will be directly connected by pipeline to a proposed deepwater port, and has existing plans for a deep draft channel and harbor, a representative of the port may request a determination under 33 U.S.C. 1503(d).
- (b) The request must be sent, in writing, to the Commandant (CG-5P) within 30 days after the date that the notice of application for the deepwater port is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.
  - (c) The request must contain:
- (1) A signature of the highest official of the port submitting the request;
- (2) A copy of the existing plans for the construction of a deep draft channel and harbor;
- (3) Certification that the port has an active study by the Secretary of the Army for the construction of a deep draft channel and harbor, or that the port has an application pending for a permit under 33 U.S.C. 403 for the construction;
  - (4) Any available documentation on:
- (i) Initial costs, by phases if development is staged, for the proposed onshore project, including dredging, ship terminal, and attendant facilities;
- (ii) Estimated annual operating expenses, by phases if development is staged, including labor, for 30 years for all elements of the project;
- (iii) Estimated completion time for all elements of the project;
- (iv) Estimated vessel traffic volume, and the volume and variety of the tonnage:
- (v) Potential traffic congestion conditions in the port, and the port's ability to control vessel traffic as a result of the proposed dredging project;
- (vi) Estimated economic benefits of the project, including:
- (A) Economic contribution to the local and regional area;
  - (B) Induced industrial development;
  - (C) Increased employment; and
  - (D) Increases in tax revenues;

(vii) Environmental and social impacts of the project on the local and regional community; and

(viii) An estimate of the economic impact that the deepwater port license will have on the proposed project.

(d) A statement whether the port seeks a determination that the port best serves the national interest.

[USCG-1998-3884, 71 FR 57651, Sept. 29, 2006, as amended by USCG-2013-0397, 78 FR 39176, July 1, 2013]

## § 148.217 How can a State be designated as an Adjacent Coastal State?

- (a) Adjacent Coastal States are named in the notice of application published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. However, a State not named as an Adjacent Coastal State in the notice may request to be designated as one if the environmental risks to it are equal to or greater than the risks posed to a State directly connected by pipeline to the proposed deepwater port.
  - (b) The request must:
- (1) Be submitted in writing to the Commandant (CG-5P) within 14 days after the date of publication of the notice of application in the FEDERAL REGISTER;
- (2) Be signed by the Governor of the State:
- (3) List the facts and any available documentation or analyses concerning the risk of damage to the coastal environment of the State; and
- (4) Explain why the State believes the risk of damage to its coastal environment is equal to or greater than the risk to a State connected by a pipeline to the proposed deepwater port.
- (c) Upon receipt of a request, the Commandant (CG-5P) will send a copy of the State's request to the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and ask for the Administrator's recommendations within an amount of time that will allow the Commandant (CG-5P) and the MARAD Administrator 45 days from receipt of the request to determine the matter.
- (d) If after receiving NOAA's recommendations the Commandant (CG-5P), in concurrence with MARAD Administrator, determines that the State should be considered an Adjacent